

Switching element

84-8511.4640





https://www.eao.com/component/84-8511.4640/en/switching-element



84-8511.4640 Switching element

OPERATING-/INDICATION PART

Illumination colour: Yellow

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Switching voltage and switching Voltage 42 VAC/DC current: Current 100 mA

Current 100 mA Power max. 2 W

Contacts: 1 NO

Operating voltage: 24 V DC $\pm 10\%$

Operation current: 10 mA

Switching rating: 42 V AC/DC @ 0,1 A

Electric strength: 500 VAC, 50 Hz, 1 minute according to DIN IEC 60512-2

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Terminal: Flat ribbon cable

Contact material: Gold-plated silver

Switching system: Short-travel element

Switching system: Short-travel snap-action switching system with two independent contact points

and tactile operation

Guarantees reliable switching even of very light loads. Fitted with 1 normally open

contact

Mechanical lifetime: ≥1 Mil. cycles of operation

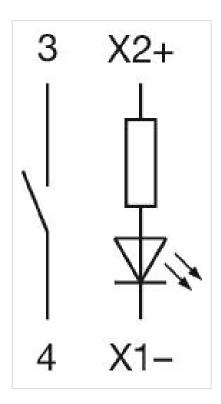
Operating force: 4.5 N \pm 1 N (measured at the lens)

Operating Travel: ca. 0.5 mm

Weight: 0.015 kg

AMBIENT CONDITION

IP Protection: IP40 rear side, standard version, IP67 rear side, fully sealed version, with mounted actuator only. Operating temperature: - 25 °C ... + 70 °C - 40 °C ... + 85 °C Storage temperature: Max. 100 m / s², pulse width, 3-axis (sinusoidal EN IEC 60068-2-27) Shock resistance: Max. 50 m / s² from 10 Hz ... 500 Hz, 10 cycles, 3-axis (sinusoidal EN IEC 60068-Vibration resistance: 2-6) **CERTIFICATE REACH:** REACH compliant RoHS: RoHS compliant **OTHER Short Description:** Switching element, Short-travel element, 42 V AC/DC @ 0,1 A, Gold-plated silver, 1 NO, Flat ribbon cable Plastic Material: **Product attributes:** LED and built-in resistor included Hints: LED and built-in resistor included Standard version: Cable length 300 mm Other options on request: Customisation of cable and connectors, rear side fully Protection degree (rear side): IP 40, upgrade to IP 67 with plug Part No. 84-900 possible. With applications where strong vibrations occure, the plugs may become Luminosity and wave length variations caused by LED manufacturing processes may cause slight differences regarding the illumination. The customer has to decide what resistor shall be used to the LED Wiring diagrams:



Component layouts:

